<b>Enrollment No:</b>	 Exam Seat No:	

## **C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY**Summer Examination-2019

**Subject Name: Functional English Grammar** 

Subject Code: 4AH06FEG1 Branch: B.A. (English)

Semester: 6 Date: 02/05/2019 Time: 10:30 To 01:30 Marks: 70

## **Instructions:**

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
- (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
- (4) Assume suitable data if needed.

## Q-1 Classify the following as a word, a phrase, a clause or a sentence: (14)

- a) Be quick.
- **b)** As a matter of fact,
- c) Though he is sick
- d) Run.
- e) In order to
- f) Speak now
- g) If you call me,
- h) In spite of
- i) He always wins.
- j) Unless he tries
- **k**) Instrument
- 1) In view of
- **m**) Don't laugh at the beggars.
- **n)** As soon as they arrived



Q-2		brackets:	(10)
		The smallest unit in Grammar is a ( word, phrase, clause)	
		2. The Functional English Grammar the rules. (describes, prescribes, overlooks)	
		3. Preposition is a label. (categorical, functional, formal)	
		4. In Adjective Phrase, the headword is a ( Adjective, pronoun, verb)	
		5. The word 'strictly' is (a noun, an adverb, a preposition)	
		6. In a sentence <i>The sheep are silly</i> the word 'silly 'is	
		( an object, a complement, an adjunct)	
		7. Adjectives always a noun. (follows, precedes, stands	
		between)	
		8. The defect of Traditional Grammar is that it the rules. (describes, prescribes, overlooks)	
		9. Adverb is a label. (categorical, functional, formal)	
		10. In a Noun Phrase, the headword is a ( Noun, pronoun, verb)	
	<b>(b)</b>	Answer in short:	<b>(4)</b>
		1. What is a sentence?	
		2. What is a noun?	
		3. What is an adjective?	
		4. What are prepositions?	
Q-3		Identify the <u>FUCTIONAL</u> labels of <u>the underlined words</u> in the following	(14)
		sentences:	
		1. <b>He was</b> a <u>fool.</u>	
		2. Orwell wrote Animal Farm in 1943.	



	4. They sent me some books.	
	5. He was depressed <u>over cent failure.</u>	
	6. The fieldsman moved to his left.	
	7. The poor are <u>innocent.</u>	
Q-4	Identify the determiners in the following sentences:	(14)
	1. He had much money in the overseas bank.	
	2. Our manager is kind to the poor.	
	3. All party workers left except those few.	
	4. Every child is intelligent if you give them a loving pat.	
	5. People go for expensive travels.	
	6. I few don't have many chances in the forthcoming match.	
	7. Each book is read by the clever student.	
	8. Any player can play such an innings.	
	9. An egg is always of nutritious.	
	10. Next house is my dear neighbour's house.	
Q-5	Identify the references ( generic, specific, definite) of the underlined NPs:	(14)
	1. <u>Humans</u> are intelligent species.	
	2. She married a man from Honolulu.	
	3. A lawyer is a man who makes lies true.	
	4. He shot a black bug by mistake.	
	5. <u>The sun</u> is a life giver to us.	
	6. Ramesh wants to buy <u>a new house</u>	
	7. <u>Coffee</u> is costly in this restaurant.	
	8. <u>The author</u> sees significant things in trifle matters.	
	9. <u>Fathers are</u> always calculative.	
	10. My dog is very smart.	
	11. He met <u>a foreign delegate</u> in the conference.	
	12. Milk is a complete food.	
	13. The Chief Minister visited our city last night.	
	14. He needs <u>a farm house</u> to raise his status.	
Q-6	Write a detailed note on Functional Labels with illustrations.	(14)

3. Napoleon changed the slogan.



OR

Q-6	Write a detailed note on Formal Labels giving illustrations.	(14)
0.7		(1.4)
Q-7	Write short notes on the following	(14)
	1. Categorical Labels	
	2. Open and Closed classes of words.	
Q-8	Show the structure of the underlined NP's using Tree Diagram:	(14)
	1. The cow is a useful animal.	
	2. I have got an excellent car now	
	3. The book on the table is very old.	
	4. My Fair Lady is made on Shaw's Pygmalion.	
	5. Don't waste your <u>time</u> .	
	6. I am walking in the garden.	
	7. Her modest husband is sick now.	

